4493, 4494, 4495

Vidicons

1-Inch Diameter

Electrostatic Focus	Magnetic Deflection				
For use in the chroma channels of suitably designed					
color TV cameras in live pickup service					
GENERAL					
Overall Length					
Greatest Diameter					
Bulb Diameter					
Faceplate Thickness	$0.094 \text{ in } \pm 0.012 \text{ in}$				
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance:					
Target to all other electrodes					
Focusing Method					
Heater Power					
Photoconductive Layer:					
Maximum useful picture size	$0.192 \text{ in } \times 0.256 \text{ in}$				
Orientation of quality rectangle—Pr					
tained when the horizontal scan					
to the straight sides of the masks					
plate. The straight sides are par	allel to the plane pass-				
ing through the tube axis and sho	-				
Base Small-Button Ditetrar 8-P	in, (JEDEC No. E8-11)				
Socket Cinch No. 133-98	8-11-015, or equivalent				
Weight	2.8 oz				
Operating Position	Any				
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM R	ATINGS				
Grid-No. 6 & Grid-No. 3 Voltage	1200 max. V				
Grid-No. 5 Voltage c	750 max. V				
Grid-No. 4 Voltage					
Grid-No. 2 Voltage					
Grid-No. 1 Voltage:					
Negative bias value	300 max. V				
Positive bias value					
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage:					
Heater negative with respect to catho	ode 125 max. V				
Heater positive with respect to catho					
Heater Voltage					
Target Voltage					
Target Dark Current					
Peak Target Currentd					
Faceplate:	/				
Illumination	1000 max. fc				
Temperature					
<u>-</u>					

TYPICAL OPERATION AND PERFORMANCE DATA

For scanned area of 0.192 in x 0.256 in Faceplate Temperature of 25° to 30° C

For All Types

Grid-No. 6 (Decelerator) & Grid-No.3 Voltage 750 V				
Grid-No.5 Voltage				
Grid-No.4 (Beam-Focus Electrode) Voltage 100 to 125 V				
Grid-No.2 (Accelerator) Voltage 100 to 300 V				
Grid-No.1 Voltage20 V				
		4494 (Green)		
Illumination ^e	4.5	4.5	4.0	fc
Signal Output Current f	0.060	0.060	0.020	μ A
Signal-to-Dark Current				
Ratio ^f	6:1	6.1	4:1	
Typical Resolution:				
Center	500	500	500	TV lines
Corner	400	400	400	TV lines
Amplitude Response to a 125 TV Line Square- Wave Test Pattern at Center of Picture ^f	60	60	60	%
Average "Gamma" of Transfer Characteristic	0.65	0.65	0.65	
Lag - Per Cent of Initial Value of Signal-Output Current 1/20 Second after Illumination is Removedf	12	12	10	%

This capacitance, which effectively is the output impedance of the tube, is increased when the tube is mounted in the deflecting-yoke assembly. The resistive component of the output impedance is in order of 100 megohms.

^cThe maximum voltage difference between grids No.6 & 3 and No.5 should not exceed 750 volts.

dVideo amplifiers must be designed properly to handle peak target currents of this magnitude to avoid amplifier overload or picture distortion.

^eUnder the following conditions: The light source is a tungsten-filament lamp having a lime-glass envelope. It is operated at a color temperature of 3100° K. These illumination values are incident on the filters shown in (f) which are interposed between the light source and tube faceplate.

fThese characteristics are measured using the following standard optical filters, or equivalent:

For type 4493 (Red) - Wratten No.25 (A) with 2 Fish-Shurman No. IR650

For type 4494 (Green) - Wratten No.58 with 1 Fish-Shurman No. IR650

For type 4495 (Blue) - Wratten No.47 with 1 Fish-Shurman No. IR650

BASING DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Pin 1 - Heater

Pin 2 - Grid No.1

Pin 3 - Grid No.4

Pin 4 - Grids No.3 & No.6

Pin 5 - Grid No.2

Pin 6 - Grid No.5

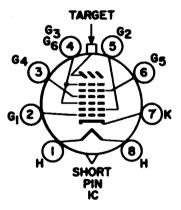
Pin 7 - Cathode

Pin 8 - Heater

Flange -Target

Short Index Pin -

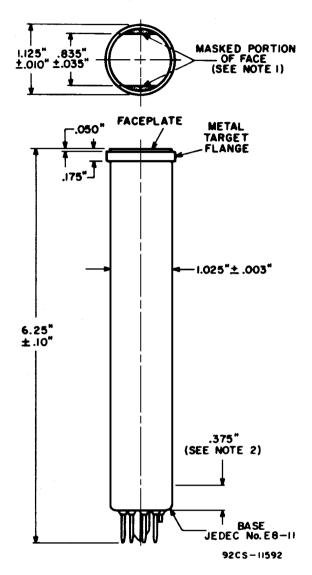
Internal Connection— Make No Connection



DIRECTION OF LIGHT: INTO FACE END OF TUBE

8LN

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE



Note 1: Straight Sides Of Masked Portions Are Parallel To The Plane Passing Through Tube Axis And Short Index Pin.

Note 2: Within This Distance, Diameter Of Bulb Is 1.025" + 0.003"-0.030".